purpose in preparing and cabling it was to scothe and satisfy the Filipinos, and counteract the insidious attacks the Spanish element has been making upon the integrity of the Americans' intentious respecting the Philippines.

Admiral Dewey was heard from by cable at the may department today, but made no reference to the political situation in the Islands. He resorted that he had found a building suitable for a naval hospital at Cavite, and asked authority from the department to establish it at once. It was not gathered that there is an unusual amount of sickness among the American sallors, but realizing that the naval occupation of Manila bay is to be of a permanent character, Admiral Dewey wishes to establish a shore hospital. Secretary Long called upon Surgeon General Van Reypen, and, after a consultation, they cabled Admiral Dewey arthority to establish the hospital.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR OTIS.

No Aggressive Operations Against

Rebels Until They Arrive. Washington, Jan. 3 .- General Otis, aty Manita, has been notified by cable of the arrangements that have been completed to speedily reinforce his command by to specific reinforce his command by the dispatch of six regiments of regular infantry. The Twentisth, now at Fort Leavenworth, will sail from San Francisco on the transport Scandia Jan. 7, and is timed to reach Manila by the end of the month. Major General Lawton has been in command of the Fourth regiment, now at Fort Sheridan, Ills., the Twelfth, at Jefferson Barracks, and the Seventeenth, at Columbus Barracks, O., and is directed to sail with them Jan. 12 from New York City, on them Jan. 12 from New York City, on the transports Mohawk and Massachu-

The army steamer Schaol.

Manilia on Dec. 15 with the Astor battery and other troops, bound for San Francisco, is due there early next week, and will be ready to return with either the Third or the Twenty-second regiment five days later.

There will be two months of the session left to a day from the date of resion left to be done.

regiment are days later.

Until these troops reach the Philippines It is not believed by the authorities that General Otis will undertake any aggressive operations for the extension of American sovereignty over the various provinces now held by the insurgents—although he has full discretion in the matter—but that he will reserve his forces for use in emergencies, should the insurgents grow unruly, particularly in the vicinity of Manila. Confidence was expressed at the mila. Confidence was expressed at the war department that there would be no battle at Iloilo until after every resource of peaceable negotiations to induce the rebels to evacuate the city had been exhausted.

SCANDIA DELAYED.

Fan Francisco, Jan. 2.—The transport Scandia, which is to convey the Twentieth infantry to the Philippines, cannot possibly leave this port before Jan. It, or later. It has been stated that the wives and families of officers of the Twentieth will go on the Scandia, but as comfort will be at a premium when all the soldiers are on board, an effort will be made to have the families conwill be made to have the families sent

will be made to have the families sent on a later vessel.

The transport Ohio is due here on or about the 8th inst., and will be prepared at once for the reception of the Third and Twenty-second regiments of the United States infantry, which have the proceed to the Division of the session, and will hold its place if it is made evident that a vote can be secured on it before the appropriate to the process of The transport Ohio is due here on or about the 8th inst, and will be prepared at once for the reception of the the United States infantry, which have been ordered to the Philippines.

MASSACRE OF SPANIARDS.

ked for, souten, Jan. 4.—The Madrid correspon-ant of the Dally Mail says: In the re-illion at Bulinke, Naval Lieutemant Bel-my was beheaded. The rebeis also mur-red a doctor and several other Euro-ans. A guibout fired on the rebeis, but a commander was unable to effect the lease of the worse.

NATIONAL DEBT ALSO SHOWS CONSIDERABLE INCREASE.

Government's Bonded Liabilities Expanded Nearly Two Millions Last

Warhington, Jan. 3.-The monthly statement of the receipts and expenditures for the United States shows that the tend receipts for December were \$41.401,755, as compared with \$50.646,698 for December, 1897. This last amount, however, included about \$81,700,000 received on account of the Pacific raliread debt. Independent of these payments, the locrease for the last month, as compared with the same menth. In
1897, was about \$13,400,000.

The receipts from customs last month were \$16,764,324, an increase over De-cember, 1897, of about \$5,100,000. Internal revenue, \$22,621,318; increase, \$8,300,-

he receipts for the six months since ne receipts for the six months since July 1, 1898, amounted to 236,361,889, a guin over the same period in 1897 of over \$33,000,000, not including the \$31,-700,000 received from the Pacine rail-roads. During the last six months the receipts from customs increased from \$2,825,020, to \$96,045,829, and from internal revenue sources from \$85,498.203, to

The disbursements during December cast amounted to \$41,864,867, which is only \$260,060 in excess of the receipts. PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The monthly treasury statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business Dec. 31, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,129,176, 23; an increase during the month of \$1,702,709. This increase is due to the delivery of 3 per cent bonds of the new issue, previous paid for. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

The debt is recapitulated as 1010 ws. Interest bearing debt. \$1.04e.215.380; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1.27,200; debt bearing no interest, \$382.487,801; total, \$1,423.340,981. This amount, however, does not include \$563.447,785, in certificates and treasury values with the property of the pro

WORK FOR CONGRESS GERMANS FRIENDLY TO DEWEY QUAY

Senators Cannot Dispose of Half the Business.

SESSION AHEAD

TREATY WILL BE RATIFIED WITH LITTLE DEBATE.

Nicaragua Canal, Hawaiian Government and Army and Navy Reorganization Are Among the Subjects That Must Receive Attention-No Appropriation Bills Passed Vet

Washington, Jan, 3.-Congress will reconvene tomorrow. The senate will almost immediately adjourn for the day, as an evidence of the respect for the memory of Senator Morrill. It is customary not to transact any business whatever on such occasions, but there is a possibility that a message may be received from the president, transmitting the peace treaty, as it is known to be the general desire that the treaty shall be formerly laid before the committee on roreign relations at the ear-

the transports Mohawk and Massachusetts, proceeding by way of the Suez canal. This force under General Lawton is expected to reach the Philippines the second week in February.

The other two regiments selected for garrison duty in the Philippines, the granison duty in the Philippines, the Third infantry, at Fort Snelling, Minn., and the Twenty-second, at Fort Crook, Neb., will depart from San Francisco as 800n as transports are available. The army steamer Senator, which left Manilia on Dec. 15 with the Astor battery and other troops, bound for San Prancisco, is due there early next

convening, and the time will be fully occupied, if half the work is to be done that is planned. None of the regular appropriation bills have passed the senate, and the river and harbor bill is that is planned.

appropriation bills have passed appropriation bills have passed appropriation bills have passed as to be added to the regular list this session. None regard the treaty of less importance than the supply bills, and it will be pressed along with them when reported, practically without regard to other bills.

IMPORTANT MEASURES.

IMPORTANT MEASURES.

IMPORTANT MEASURES.

IMPORTANT MEASURES.

To magnitude

To my mind, they furnish

To my mind, they furnish

Transport Cannot Sail For Philippines

Before the 15th.

be urgently pressed by the Hawalian government bill, the anti-scalping bill and the interstate commerce commission bill, to say nothing of the probabillity concerning measures for the in-crease of the standing army and of the navy. Senator Eikins and other friends of that measure will also continue to urge the bill regulating the registration of foreign built vessels wrecked in American waters. These are only the most important questions demand-ing consideration in the weeks remain-

priution bills and the treaty are to be taken up. If it cannot be disposed of before these are brought in, it will be temporarily displaced from time to All On the Island of Baiabac Were
Assassinated.

Madrid, Jan. 3.—General Rios cables from Manila, confirming the report that all the Spanlards at Balabac, an island of the Philippine group, situated thirty miles south of Palawan, have been assassinated, with the exception of the women, whose release is being asked for.

Louden, Jan. 4.—The Madrid correspon.

Itemporarily displaced from time to time. The friends of tine bill maintain, however, that debate is practically exhausted, and they are hopeful of securing a vote at no very distant date. They profess to feel very much encouraged by the preliminary report of the Walker commission, which was made public last week.

Senator Culiom has given notice of a motion to take up the anti-scalping bill as soon as the canal bill may be out of the way.

Boots—No Damage Done.

out of the way.

RATIFICATION OF THE TREATY. There is a growing belief that the treaty will not be made the subject of long debate, and what two weeks ago was a strong probability of its ratification, may be said now to be a certainty. Nothing less than some unforced mergency can prevent the the treaty which many senators con-sider objectionable, but the facts that it is a treaty of peace and that they, as a rule, will have nothing in its stend to a rule, will have nothing in its stend to offer, will prevent any factions opposition. So far as the opponents have a plan, it is to let the treaty go through and then devote themselves to shaping legislation consequent upon its ratification. They may offer their amendment committing this government against an attempt to exercise sover-eighty in the Philippines, but they do not expect to to become a part of the document.

The treaty will be discussed in executive session, but the senators will continue to make speeches in the open senate on Senator Vest's anti-expansion resolution

sion resolution.

The consideration of a code of laws for the territory of Alaska, reported from the committee on revision of the laws, is expected to take up the greater portion of the legislative day in the house tomorrow. If that body follows its usual custom it will adjourn some time during the forencon, out of respect to the memory of Senator Morrill.

Thursday is to be given to the com Thorsday is to be given to the committee on judiciary, when a number of measures reported from it are likely to be passed. There is no fixed programme for the remainder of the week. The executive, learislative and judicial appropriation bill may be reported during the week, in which case an effort will be made to secure consideration of the measure by the house.

RAILWAY FOR ECUADOR.

side world. The details of the contract have not been officially published, but United States Consul de Leon, at Guayaquil, has supplied the state department with much data respecting the enterprise, which, in his opinion, is likely to lead to the complete reformation of the country. As an incident to the execution of the contract, the company has found it necessary or expedient to pay the entire national debt of Ecuador, amounting to \$3,500,000, the corporation assuming liability for about \$1,500,000 to the boudholders. The company has also

NO FRICTION BETWEEN THE AD-MIRALS AT MANILA.

German Military Attache Corrects Some Erroneous Impressions-As to Augusti's Departure.

Chicago, Jan. 3.-Major A. van Sontenburg, German military attache to the emperor of Japan, the man who carried the message between Admiral von Diedrichs and Admiral Dewey by which permission was given for the transportation of Captain General Augusti from Manila to Hongkong on a German warship, is in Chicago.

Major von Sonnenburg is the typical German army officer. He is a broadshouldered young man, with an erect carriage.

shouldered young man, with an elec-carriage. He was seen by a reporter at the Auditorium, and related certain hith-erto unwritten bits of history of the American operations in the Philippines. "I am a student of military affairs," he said. "Perhaps I might be called a theoretical warrior." Inasmuch as he has the iron cross for bravery at Sedan, and was in twenty-

bravery at Sedan, and was in twenty-seven battles of the Franco-Prussian war, he is certainly a practical fighter as well.
"After the Greek-Turko war I went on to the Orient," he continued. "I was with Prince Henry at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war. I accompanied Admiral von Diedrichs to Ma-

"I did not witness the destruction of Montojo's fleet by your Admiral Dewey, but I saw much of the subse-quent events. Because of what I saw I want to correct at least one false im-pression—that there was any ill-feeling between the commanders of the American and German fleets. There was a ican and German fleets. There was a disagreement, I admit, over the right of the Americans to search German ships, but that was soon settled. Then, as to the Augusti incident. There was nothing secret about that transaction, I, myself, was the messenger between the two admirals in the discussion over the disposition of Augusti. Admiral von Diedrichs asked whether or not Admiral Dewey would object to Captain General Augusti taking passage on one of the German dispatch boats running to Hongkong. Admiral Dewey said he would not, if the former captain general would make some kind of a parole by which he would no longer bear arms

Of other measures of magnitude which will press for consideration in the senate dusing the sension, the Nicaragua bill will take precedence, but it will be urgently pressed by the Hawalian and aboard ship, I may say that I never met a finer body of men. I admire your volunteers. To my mind, they furnish magnificent material for soldiers, but I am afrail that they have a hard task before them in the Philippines. I should not want the task of controlling those not want the task of controlling those islands unless I had fully \$0,000 men be-

> imperial army of Japan as a student of its methods of military discipline. To speak very conservatively. I believe that next to the German army there is not a finer body of fighting men in the world than that same little Jaconese collection of troops. Their discipline is perfect, and any nation that picks a quarrel with the Japanese is going to have no easy time of it. I consider them one of the most important factors in future Defental complications."

LUDICROUS AFFAIR OF HONOR

Boots-No Damage Done.

Budapest, Jan. 3.—The duel between M. of the Hungarian diet, and Baron Bandy, midnight: the premier, took place this morning. The Platols were the weapons used. The suit

There are flustures in the lower house of the Hungarian diet, characterized Baron Hanffy as a cheat and a reached that they as peace and that they as a nothing in its stead to contain a factorized flusture of at the time expected, owing to the mability of their seconds to agree upon conditions.

off at the time expects, owing to an inability of their seconds to agree upon conditions.

The seconds thereupon quarreled and a series of duels between them followed. London, Jan. 4.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail says: The duel between Baron Banfly and M. Horanszky was a ludicrous affair. The seconds had arranged a fight to the death at twenty paces. M. Horanszky, however, when he faced his opponent, was agitated beyond all centrol, and Baron Banfly was hardly more comfortable.

Each discharged four shots, but all so wide of the mark that the bullets were found lodged in the roof or high on the walls of the riding school where the encounter took place. The duellists finally left the building, scowling fiercely at each other.

PERKINS OPPOSES EXPANSION

CALIFORNIA SENATOR ASKS FOR INSTRUCTIONS.

Says He Is Opposed to the Retention of the Philippines and States His

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 3.-When the senate was called to order today a Rich Interior Country to Be Opened

Up By Americans.

Washington, Jan. 3.—An American
syndicate has obtained the right to
build a railroad in Ecuador, connecting
the seacoast belt with the rich interior,
heretofore almost cut off from the outside world. The details of the contract
nave not been officially published, but
United States Consul de Leon, at Guayaquil, has supplied the state department with much data respecting the
enterprise, which, in his opinion, is likely to lead to the country. As an incident to the

He is of the opinion that the United
States requires only a military station, communication was received from Sen-

This amount, however, does not include \$55.447,782, in certificates and treasury motes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.

UNIQUE WEDDING CEREMONY,

WINQUE WEDDING CEREMONY,

Four Brothers Marry Four Sisters at An Ohio Village.

Canal Dover, O., Jan, 3.—A most remerkable wedding has just taken place at the small village of Trail, ten miles north of here, four brothers being married to four sisters.

The four knots were fied at the home of a possperious fariner named James Hechstettler. Their ages range from 18 to 29, and the ages of their respective husbands vary only slightly. The grooms are the four sons of John Summers, and are energetic young men of good habits and some means. The core many far a propersion of marrying the four complex occupied almost an hour, the same elegyman performing all.

The four brothers and their wives will like within a stone's throw of each sther.

Pennsylvania Boss Discovers He Is Seventeen Short.

OPPOSITION IS JUBILANT

CLAIMED THAT QUAY CANNOT BE RE-ELECTED.

Quay Leaders Succeed In Holding a Caucus, But There Were But 109 · Republicans In Attendance-Everything Depends Upon the Action of the Supreme Court.

their point tonight and secured the endorsement of their favorite by 109 of the 164 Republicans of the Pennsylvania legislature. This is nineteen less than the number required to elect a United States senator on joint ballot, the total membership being 254, of which 128 is a majority.

which 128 is a majority.

Senator Quay was placed in nomination before the cancus by Senators Merrick and Magee, two of the best speakers in the legislature. Benjamin' F. Jones of Pittsburg was nominated as the anti-Quay candidate.

Senator Quay received 36 vote Lones 9 and 2 votes were cost for Senator Magee, a Quay leader.

On motion of Senator Magee the nomination of Senator Quay was made

nomination of Senator Quay was made

The caucus was in session one hour and a hulf.

The caucus was in session one hour and a half.

The anti-Quay leaders are jubilant over the result of the caucus, and claim that the man they are fighting cannot succeed himself in the senate. On the other hand, the Quay people and Senator Quay himself, express confidence of ultimate victory. They say that of the absentees, two members of the house are kept away by sickness and will vote for Quay. This would leave him seventeen votes short of the number necessary to elect, and the efforts of the Quay leaders will be directed during the next two weeks toward securing these votes. It goes without saying that they will be just as bitterly opposed in the future by the group of men who have made the fight against Mr. Quay as they have been in

of men who have made the fight against Mr. Quay as they have been in the past.

The Quay leaders, during the past few days, have been claiming anywhere from 118 to 135 votes in the caucus. The fact that the actual figure was away below their lowest claim is regarded by many here as a source of great disappointment to them. This regarded by many here as a source of great disappointment to them. This class of people are strong in the belief that Senator Quay is benten. Undoubtedly the decision of Senator David Martin at an early hour this morning to remain out of the caucus had much to do with the success of the efforts of the anti-Quay people. Senator Quay has expressed confidence all along that Martin would be with him when the time came to make his vote effective, but others well informed on the situabut others well informed on the situa-tion have felt that if Martin found it possible to defeat Quay he would throw all the strength of his political power

against him.

All agree that much depends upon the All agree that much depends upon the action that the state supreme court will take in Philadelphia on Jan. 7, on the proceedings brought before that body through a writ granted recently, the effect of which is to bring the crim-

the effect of which is to bring the crim-inal proceedings against Senator Quay before the court of review.

If the proceedings are quashed by the supreme court Mr. Quay will as-suredly be re-elected. If, on the con-trary, the court refuses to interfere with the regular course of the legal procedure against Senator Quay, and decides that he must stand trial of the indictments found against him, there can be no doubt that the position there can be no doubt that the position of his opponents will be greatly strengthened.

of 254 cannot give Mr. Quay the license he wants to represent Pennsylvania for six years more."

MISUSE OF FUNDS.

Governor Hastings sent his annual message to the legislature. The report shows the state revenues for the year ending Nov. 39, 1888, to have been \$13,-125,126, and the expenditures, \$13,373,-103. The net debt of the state is \$1,-25,982, no part of which can be paid intil 1912.

The governor says: "The operations of the act of the last legislature, providing for the payment of interest by banks in which the state funds are deposited, shows that while this interest law is an improvement and indicates the enormous sums which the state might have received during the past year, yet, in my judgment, it does not correct the evil which it was intended to correct. While it may be true that the state has lost no money deposited in the various banks throughout the commonwealth, it cannot be questioned that in the past the public funds have been used for political purposes by depositing them in favorite banks, where such deposits were expected to yield posited, shows that while this interest positing them in favorite banks, where such deposits were expected to yield returns in the shape of solitical influence. This system cannot be defended. It should not be in the power of any man to say what, bank shall handle the millions of dollars that are annually paid into the state treasury. The evil will never be corrected until the state keeps its own money in its own vaults, as do many of the states, and as is done by the United States. Legislation of this character would be to the interest of all the people and a step toward

of all the people and a step toward better government."

The governor urges the legislature to adopt a memorial to congress to au-thorize the selection of senators by popular vote.

ORGANIZATION AT LINCOLN. Nebraska Republicans Whipped In and Speaker Elected.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 3 .- The two houses of the legislature convened in their respective halls at the capitol building this morning and opened the twenty. sixth session. In the house, Paul F. Clark (Rep.) was elected speaker, and the full list of employees was accepted, as made out by the caucas. In the sen-ate, A. R. Taibot (Rep.), also of Lancaste. was made president pro tem. The breach in the ranks of the house Rapublicans, which last night threatened to lose them the speakership, was closed this morning by five of the rebellious members coming into the cau-

Tomorrow the legislature will can-vass the November vote, and on Thurs-day the new state officers will be in-augurated.

The only development in the

Senator Burrow's Victory. Lansing, Mich., Jan. 2.-There is the re-election of Senator Burrows. It is only a question of Now large his majority will be now. Nearly eighty members have signed the call for tomorrow night's caucus, and the Burrows people claim that of this number, only two are at all doubtful. His vote is placed at anywhere from 80 to 90.

Unanimous For Bate

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 3.-The Demo cratic legislature caucus was held this afternoon to select a chaddlate for United States senator. Present Senator W. B. Bate was unanimously nominated. Election by the legislature will be Jan. 17.

FILES A PETITION.

FILES A PETITION.

Injunction to Prevent the Organization of the Pottery Trust—Action

Caucus Held at Springfield. Springfield, Ills., Jan. 3.-Caucuse were held tonight to select candidates were held tonight to select candidates for officers of the legislature, which for officers of the legislature, which convenes tomorrow. The Republicans sominated Judge L. Y. Sherman for speaker of the house, and Walter Warder for president of the senate. The Democrate agreed upon J. P. Mahoney for speaker of the house. The degislature is Republican in both their point tonight and secured the en-

Close Vote at Lansing.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 3.-F. J. Adams of Grand Rapids, the avowed Burrows candidate for speaker of the house of representatives, was tonight nominated in caucus over J. J. Carton of Flint, the Pingree candidate. It took but two ballots, the first a tie, and the second a victory for Adams, 48 to 44.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 3.—The caucuses of the majority and minority members of the senate and assembly were held to-night. The Republican senators nomi-nated Timothy P. Ellsworth president pro-tem.

The Democra's nominated T. F. Grady
for president pro tem, of the senate, and
G. M. Parmer for speaker.

New York Candidates.

South Dakota Contest.

Bismarck, N. D., Jan. 3.—There ensingers, N. D., Jan. 2.—There was considerable activity today in the senatorial contest. The anti-Johnson leaders have been especially active and, according to them, the congressman's managers have secured seventeen iron-clad pledges of support, and twenty-six altogether in somewhat modified form. It is understood the Johnson strength is from twenty-eight to thirty, and some of his opponents place his strength as high as thirty-two.

INDIANS TERRORIZE WHITES.

Big Christmas Drunk May Lead to Bloodshed.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 3.—Passengers who arrived on the Al Ki from Alaska, some of whom left Dawson as late as Dec. 3, report that the Chilkat Indians are terrorizing the white inhabitants of Pyramid harbor, near Skagway, and have threatened to massacre them. The night before Christmas whites appeared at the Chilkat village with a big supply of whisky, which was sold to the Indians without reserve. The entire Indians without reserve. The entire tribe got drunk Christmas, and with knives and guns compelled all the whites in that locality to leave. When the Al Ki left Skugway no blood had been shed, but trouble was imminent.
On reaching Indian river the miners were informed that two men, mames unknown, had frozen to death on the Yukon between Fort Selkirk and Dawson. They were guarding a scowload of frozen dressed beef, and perished

ne exceptionally cold night in Novem Several tons of mail for Dawson are Several tons of mail for Dawson are blockaded at Lake Bennett awailing ice transportation. The winter has been so open that Lake Bennett remained unfrozen up to Dec. 22.

In October speculators cornered the butter and tebaceo market at Dawson, and since then both articles have been bringing from \$2 to \$3 per pound.

FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

The Charge Made Against a Milk Wagon Driver.

G. McCoy, a young man formerly employed by the Keystone dairy, was cine. arrested by Deputy Cummock yester-day on a warrant issued in Judge Tim-"I am entirely satisfied with the cresult of tonight's caucus. A number of members of the legislature who did not agree to enter the caucus tonight have assured me of their cordial support the county attorney has decided to alwhen the assembly meets in joint content when the assembly meets in joint content on the same wention. These votes will be more than sufficient to elect me. I am absolutely confident of my success."

John Wanamaker gave out the statement at midnight, in which he says, in part: "The vote of tonight says plainly that this legislature will not blindly follow a discredited leader. The old members are not to be menaced and the new members are not willing to marry into the Quay political family at the present time. The opposition to Quay rule grows. Ninety-six men out of 254 cannot give Mr. Quay the licenses

Police Etchings. The drunks numbered nine, and they were assessed the usual amounts. James McClare, held for profanity, was discharged, and advised to go and

Della Nelson and May Langdon pleaded gulity to prostitution, and each was fined 310. J. S. Smelser forfeited \$10 for smash

sin no more.

ing a fellow at the "Sheep Ranch" other night. In the line of beggars, sentence was suspended for James Burns and James Fay, while James Dolly was dis-

H. H. Mitchell of Sugar House came to the city last night, looking for his horse, which he said ran away and upset a cutter, spilling the occupants out. No one was hurt.

The arrests were light yesterday in police circles. Alex Smith was hauled up for being drunk and Jim Smith for begging. Eva Stevens was arrested on a charge of prostitution. Holden O'Conner was given \$50 worth of jail life for striking an inmate of Mabel Gleason's house. Pete Chypool, charged with resorting to a house of prostitution, was discharged.

The police court yesterday was crowded with all sorts of specimens of tough life, there being in all thirty cases. In view of the recent burglaries, the police have been very active in running in all the suspicious characters

at large, and as a result the benches were completely filled.

Someone reported to the police yesterday that several shovels had been found in a refuse pile on West Temple, between Eighth and Ninth South, and it was known that they were not there a few days ago. Policeman Hemple a few days ago. Policeman Hemple went down and dug up four of the long-handled implements, but falled to find any dead men.

A dozen 'vags' whispered their hard luck stories into the ear of Judge Tim-mony, who found that the circum-stances demanded a variety of treat-ment. W. W. Aldridge and Charles Hardman were dischered. ment. W. W. Aldridge and Charles Hardman were discharged. T. Jones. James Clark, Daniel Curry and John Burnett were given an opportunity to vacate the town on a suspension of sentence. W. T. Watkins and Richard Fox received a five days sentence each. Watter Cavanaugh and Frank Murphy were sent up for thirty days, Murphy were sent up for thirty days, and Charles Regan for sixty. Julian P. Kirk's case was continued.

John W. Dearborn, a mining expert, said to be well known in the west, was found dead in a room in a hotel at New York. He was about @ years of age.

To Cure a Cold In One Day. day the new state officers will be in-augurated. The only development in the seua-torial struczie was the announcement P. Q. on each tablet.

FIGHTING THE TRUSTS

OHIO'S ATTORNEY GENERAL

tion of the Pottery Trust-Action Against the Dynamite Trust In California-Syndicate Monopolizes New York's Power, Light and Heat Columbus, O., Jan. 3 .- Attorney Gen-

eral Monnett filed in the state supreme court a petition to oust the National Biscuit company from doing business as a trust in this state. The petition

as a trust in this state. The petition has been in readiness for several days, awaiting a favorable opportunity for fling. The suit is in line with the attorney general's policy of fighting trusts in Ohto.

The petition filed relates that complaint has been made by wholesale grocers regarding the methods of the trust, which, he holds, is contrary to the anti-trust law, passed by the state legislature. It is claimed that other manufacturers are kept out, so that the grocers are forced to pay the exorbitant orices asked. orices asked.

Attorney General Monnett claims that the Biscuit company is capitalized for \$55,000,000, but only has \$5,000,000 in the

San Francisco, Jan. 3.—Attorney General Fitzg: aid filed an important suit on behalf of the state of California to-day for the forfeiture of the franchise of the Giant Powder company, consoli-dated, of this city, and for the payment of \$5,500 for the alleged unlawful exercise of its privileges.

It is contended that by reason of the

Dynamite trust the prices of explosives have been excessively increased, and free competition prevented. For the reasons given, the state demands the forfeiture of the company's franchise, together with the imposition of a fine of \$5,000 and costs.

Cincinnati, Jan 3.—Judge Smith of

the common pleas court today, upon application of the Bell Pottery company of Findiay, O., allowed a temporary restraining order against eighteen pottery companies in the state, to prevent them from organizing a trust, contrary to the statutes which prohibit such action.

The heaving for a permanent inture. The hearing for a permanent injunc-tion is set for Jan. 8.

ANOTHER BIG MONOPOLY.

Whitney Syndicate Controls New York's Light. Power and Heat. New York, Jan. 3.-There is no longer any concealment of the fact that what is known as the Whitney syndicate has obtained control of the Edison Electric Hiuminating company, George H. Pea-body, second vice president and di-rector of the Edison company, admitted rector of the Edison company, admitted this today; this acquisition, with the other Whitney syndicate holdings, giving the syndicate a practical monopoly of the lighting, heating and motive power of this city. The title of the Whitney syndicate, which is composed mainly of men who constitute the Metropolitan Traction company, is the New York Gas & Electric Light, Heat & Power company.

Power company.

The great expense of maintaining the vast electric plants necessary for the operation of the electric surface lines in operation of the electric surface lines in this city, a large proportion of the elec-tric product of which was wasted, led the traction company to acquire con-trol of the whole business. The Edison Electric Bluminating company's gross earnings in 1857 were \$2,456,255, and its net earnings \$1,117,-

The words of praise bestowed upon Hood's Sarsaparilla by those who have taken it proves the morit of the medi-

The oldest Tea prepared in Japan is the M. & M. brand. Hewlett Bros.



Behold the strange packs On old Santa Claus' Secf-How familiar it seems to be:

Of Course you all know it; Japan's best gardens grow it-It's the Pride of Japan Tea.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

At the Kenyon—E. Mosley, St. Louis; L. Bruck, New York; William M. Revlance, Springville; C. D. Schmidlap, Denver; I. W. Schmidl, Portland; Corne has Gardiner, Washington; J. D. Gilliand, Omaha; C. L. Kahilla and wife, Hichmond; Charles Ottenheimer, Denver; E. S. Smith, Provo; Sam Bennett, Eutte; D. McVichie, Minnesota.

At the Knutsford-M J. Maleney and wife, St. Joseph; Samuel L. Brick, Ogden; Eugene Ersalt, Buffale.

At the Cullen-Don Maguire, Ogden; J. W. Evans, Silver City; F. i. Limbach, Ophir; Mrs. W. C. Stene, Mrs. W. H. Gage, Prove; F. T. Tilton and wife Richfield; Almsely Ferry George Q. Rich Logan; M. Shall, Ogden; Cyrus P. Stell, Spanish Fork; Pratt P. Thomas, Spanish Fork; A. S. Manning, New York, W. E. Crompton, wife and two children, Park City; Joseph Wilson, Eureka; Thomas Spackmas, Mergan; E. A. Grove, Benjamin Cummings, R. G. W.

At the Walker-Jack Berlace, Logan; William Bowder, Blighum; C. E. Pears in, Hentington; C. N. Ray, Ferrori, Ernest McCarty, Mt. Pleasant; Fred Mitchell, Mercur; D. H. Jordan, Joneph Burns, Mt. Pleasant; Albert Brothers, Spring City; A. W. Forman, M. Beaver, Bingham; F. W. Polloy, San Francisco, Tom Wise, Kansas City; L. Andrews, E. Lunt, A. Pace, Nephl; Arthur Busenberry, Provo; S. McPhee, James Kervin, Park City; Hy Argyll, Spanish Fork; J. M. Thomas, Price; J. G. Montromery, Ogden; B. H. Jones, Brigham City; R. S. Collett, Vernal.

SPEED OF THE CHITOSE.

Swift Cruiser Built For the Japanesa Navy.

Santa Barbara, Cal., Jan. 3.—The pro-tected cruiser Chitose, built by the Union iron works of San Francisco for the Japan government, has successfully completed the most severe trial to which she will be subjected before ac-ceptance. She made a six hours, run which she will be subjected border ac-ceptance. She made a six hours' run-over the course in Santa Rarbara chan-nel today, averaging 21.48 knots per-hour, where but 26.5 are required, and developing a maximum speed of 26.38 under natural draught. This completes her work in these waters, and she leaves toucht or tomorrow for San her work in these waters, and she leaves tonight or temperow for San Francisco. But one test remains, a two-hour run under forced draught, in which she must average 22.5 knots, and this will be made outside of the Golden Gate. This test has been also practically completed, for the cruiser has averaged 22.56 on two separate occasions on a run of over an hour each time. The contract, however, requires that the speed must be maintained two consecutive hours, and the performance will be repeated. will be repeated

U. S. Baking Powder is pure and strong and only costs 25c per pound.





MEDICAL ADVICE DEPARTMENT OF NEW YORK DAILY PAPER.

DOCTOR'S ASSISTANT. Here is a letter from "Constant Reader," who wants to know if flashes of light before the eyes are dangerous. Has been informed that

they are caused by a disordered stomach. MEDICAL DIRECTOR. They may be. Catarrh of the stomach most frequently causes them, and if that is what ails "Constant Reader" a Ripans Tabule will give prompt relief, and a course of them according to directions will remove the difficulty. Sometimes, however,

the trouble is caused by diseases of the eye or of the nervous system and kidneys.

When of this sort it is of serious import. uning the mirans families in a paper carton (without glass) is now for able

3. This kneeps and sort is intended for the poor and the economical. On
included can be had by mail by sending forth-eight or as to the Richard

3. New York—or a single carton (for rainfilling will be used for five remis-

